Unwholesome mental factors -14

(1) Delusion

- (C) blindness; or unknowing.
- (F) non-penetration; or to conceal the individual essence of an object.
- (M) as the absence of right theory; or as darkness.
- (P) unwise (unjustified) attention.

It should be regarded as the root of all that is unprofitable (unwholesome).

(2) Shamelessness (Consciencelessness)

- (C) absence of disgust at bodily misconduct, etc.; or immodesty.
- (F) doing evil in the mode of immodesty.
- (M) as not shrinking away from the evil in the mode of immodesty.
- (P) disrespect for oneself.

(3) Fearlessness

- (C) absence of anxiety about bodily misconduct, etc.; or absence of dread on their account.
- (F) doing evil in the mode of absence of dread.
- (M) as not shrinking away from evil in the mode of absence of dread.
- (P) disrespect for others.

(4) Agitation (Restlessness)

(C) disquiet,

like water whipped by the wind.

(F) unsteadiness,

like a flag or banner whipped by the wind.

(M) as turmoil,

like ashes flung up by pelting with stones.

(P) unwise attention to mental disquiet.

It should be regarded as distraction of consciousness.

(5) Greed

- (C) grasping an object, like birdlime (lit. 'monkey plaster').
- (F) sticking, like meat put in a hot pan.
- (M) as not giving up, like the dye of lamp-black.
- (P) seeing enjoyment in things that lead to bondage.
- Of these, Swelling with the current of craving, it should be regarded as taking [beings] with it to states of loss, as a swift-flowing river does to the great ocean.

(6) Wrong view

- (C) unwise (unjustified) interpreting.
- (F) to preassume.
- (M) as wrong interpreting.
- (P) unwillingness to see Noble Ones, and so on.
- It should be regarded as the most reprehensible of all.

(7) Pride (conceit)

- (C) haughtiness.
- (F) arrogance.
- (M) as vaingloriousness.

akusala-cetasika - 14

moho

cittassa andha-bhāva-lakkhaṇo, aññāṇa-lakkhaṇo vā. asampaṭivedha-raso, ārammaṇa-sabhāva-cchādana-raso vā.

asammā-paṭipatti-paccupaṭṭhāno,

andhakāra-paccupatthāno vā.

ayoniso-manasikāra-padaṭṭhāno.

sabbākusalānam mūlanti datthabbo.

(DhsA.291, Vs.2.98)

ahirikam

kāya-duccaritādīhi ajigucchana-lakkhaṇaṁ, alajjā-lakkhaṇaṁ vā. alajjā-kārena pāpānaṁ karaṇa-rasaṁ. alajjā-kārena pāpato asaṅkocana-paccupatthānaṁ.

atta-agārava-padaṭṭhānaṁ.

(DhsA.291, Vs.2.98, VsTi.2.149)1

anottappam

kāya-duccaritādīhi asārajja-lakkhaṇam, anuttāsa-lakkhaṇam vā. anuttāsākārena pāpānam karaṇa-rasam. anuttāsākārena pāpato asankocana-paccupaṭṭhānam.

para-agārava-padaṭṭhānaṁ.

(DhsA.291, Vs.2.98, VsTi.2.149)

uddhaccam

cetaso avūpasama-lakkhaṇam, vātābhighāta-cala-jalam viya.

ana-vatthāna-rasam,

vātābhighāta-cala-dhajapaṭākā viya.

bhantatta-paccupatthānam,

pāsāṇābhighāta-samuddhatabhasmam viya. cetaso avūpasame ayonisomanasikāra-padaṭṭhānam. citta-vikkhepoti daṭṭhabbam. (DhsA.292, Vs.2.99)

lobho

ārammaṇa-ggahaṇa-lakkhaṇo, makkaṭālepo viya. abhisaṅga-raso, tattakapāle khitta-maṁsa-pesi viya. apariccāga-paccupaṭṭhāno, telañjanarāgo viya. saṁyojaniya-dhammesu assādadassana-padaṭṭhāno. taṇhā-nadī-bhāvena vaḍḍhamāno sīghasotā nadī iva mahā-samuddaṁ apāyameva gahetvā gacchatīti daṭṭhabbo. (DhsA.291, Vs.2.98)

micchā-ditthi

ayoniso abhinivesa-lakkhaṇā, parāmāsa-rasā, micchā-bhinivesa-paccupaṭṭhānā, ariyānaṁ adassana-kāmatādi-padaṭṭhānā. paramaṁ vajjanti daṭṭhabbā. (DhsA.290, Vs.2.98)

māno

uṇṇati-lakkhaṇo, sampaggaha-raso, ketukamyatā-paccupaṭṭhāno,

¹ VsTi.2.149: Visuddhimagga sub-commentary (mahāṭīkā), Burmese edition (Sixth Saṅgha Council). Volume 2. Page 149.

(P) greed dissociated from wrong views. It should be regarded as like madness.

(8) Hatred (Hate)

- (C) savageness, like a provoked snake.
- (F) to spread, like a drop of poison; or to burn up its own support, like a forest fire.
- (M) as persecuting,

like an enemy who has got his chance.

(P) the grounds for annoyance.

It should be regarded as like stale urine mixed with poison.

(9) Envy (Jealousy)

- (C) being jealous of others' success.
- (F) to be dissatisfied with that.
- (M) as averseness from that.
- (P) another's success.

It should be regarded as a fetter.

(10) Avarice

- (C) the hiding of one's own success that has been or can be obtained.
- (F) not to bear sharing these with others.
- (M) as shrinking; or as meanness.
- (P) one's own success.

It should be regarded as a mental disfigurement.

(11) Worry (remorse)

- (C) subsequent regret.
- (F) to sorrow about what has and what has not been done.
- (M) as remorse.
- (P) what has and what has no been done.

It should be regarded as slavery.

(12) Sloth (Stiffness)

- (C) lack of driving power.
- (F) to remove energy.
- (M) as subsiding.
- (P) unwise attention to boredom, sloth, and so on.

(13) Torpor

- (C) unwieldiness.
- (F) to smother.
- (M) as laziness; or as nodding and sleep.
- (P) unwise attention to boredom, sloth, and so on.

(14) Uncertainty (Doubt)

- (C) doubt.
- (F) to waver.
- (M) as indecisiveness; or as taking various sides.
- (P) unwise attention.

It should be regarded as obstructive of theory.

ditthi-vippayutta-lobha-padatthāno. ummādo viya datthabbo. (DhsA.297, Vs.2.99)

doso

caṇḍikka-lakkhaṇo pahaṭā-sīviso viya.
visappana-raso visanipāto viya,
attano nissayadahana-raso vā dāvaggi viya.
dūsana-paccupaṭṭhāno
laddhokāso viya sapatto.
āghāta-vatthu-padaṭṭhāno.
visa-saṁsaṭṭha-pūti-muttaṁ viya daṭṭhabbo.

(DhsA.299, Vs.2.100)

issā

para-sampattīnam usūyana-lakkhaṇā, tattheva anabhi-rati-rasā, tato vimukha-bhāva-paccupaṭṭhānā, para-sampatti-padaṭṭhānā. saṃyojananti daṭṭhabbā. (DhsA.299, Vs.2.100)

macchariyam

laddhānam vā labhitabbānam vā attano
sampattīnam nigūhana-lakkhaṇam.
tāsamyeva parehi sādhāraṇa-bhāvaakkhamana-rasam.
sankocana-paccupaṭṭhānam,
kaṭu-kañcu-katā-paccupaṭṭhānam vā.
atta-sampatti-padaṭṭhānam.
cetaso virūpa-bhāvoti daṭṭhabbam.

(DhsA.299, Vs.2.100)

kukkuccam

pacchā-nutāpa-lakkhaṇaṁ, katā-katā-nusocana-rasaṁ, vippaṭisāra-paccupaṭṭhānaṁ, katā-kata-padaṭṭhānaṁ. dāsabyamiva datthabbaṁ. (DhsA.299, Vs.2.100)

thinam

anussāha-lakkhaṇam, vīriya-vinodana-rasam, samsīdana-paccupaṭṭhānam, arati-vijambhikādīsu (aratitandi vijambhitādīsu) ayoniso-manasikāra-padaṭṭhānam. (Dlas A. 297, Vs. 2.99)

middham

akammaññatā-lakkhaṇaṁ, onahana-rasaṁ, līnatā-paccupaṭṭhānaṁ, pacalāyikā-niddā-paccupaṭṭhānaṁ vā. arati-vijambhikādīsu (aratitandi vijambhitādīsu) ayoniso-manasikāra-padatthānaṁ. (DhsA.297, Vs.299)

vicikicchā

samsaya-lakkhaṇā, kampana-rasā, anicchaya-paccupaṭṭhānā, anekamsa-gāha-paccupaṭṭhānā vā, ayoniso-manasikāra-padaṭṭhānā. patipatti-antarāya-karāti datthabbā. (DlsA.300, Vs.2.101)